Form 10-300 July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

STATE:	_
Virginía	
COUNTY	_

_	_			_	_		
С	0	U	Ν	т	Υ	٠	

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PL	ACES : grantalization of
	Charlottesville (in cit
INVERTORY - NOMINATION FORM	FOR NPS USE ONLY
	ENTRY NUMBER 1 DATE
(Type all entries - complete applicable sect	ions)
3	
: COMMON:	
University of Virginia Historic Distric	t
University of Virginia Historic Distric	+
2. LOCATION	<u> </u>
STREET AND NUMBER: Bounded on the north by U	niversity Ave., on the south by
Jefferson Park Ave., on the east by Hosp	ital Rd., on the west by McCormick Ro
CITY OR TOWN:	
STATE	COUNTY: CODE
Virginia 51	
5. CLASSIFICATION	GREET OCCUPANTITE (IN CIC.) 340
CATEGORY	STATUS
(Check One)	TO THE PUBLIC
🗵 District 💹 Building 🔼 Public Public Acquis	tion: A Occupied Yes:
Site Structure Private In Pr	Passing !
	Onaccopied
C Oplact C Delli	, issertation work
	in progress 140
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)	
☐ Agricultural ☐ Government ☐ Park	
	Transportation Comments
Commercial Industrial Private Resid	ence Other (Specity)
🔀 Educational 🔲 Military 🔲 Religious	
Entertainment E Museum Scientific	
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY	
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY	
OWNER'S NAME:	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Owner's NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia	Vir
OWNER'S NAME:	Virgi
Owner's NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER:	Virgini
Owner's NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia	Ving Gini a STATE: CODE a
Owner's NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER:	STATE: CODE D
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond	STATE: CODE D
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION	Virginia CODE DO TO
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:	Virginia CODE DO TO
Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse	Virginia CODE DO TO
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:	Virginia CODE DO 15 1
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER:	Virginia CODE DO 15 1
Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse	Virginia CODE DO 15 1
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond S. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER:	Virginia CODE DE STATE CODE DE STATE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN:	Virginia 51
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville	Virginia CODE DE STATE CODE DE STATE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS	Virginia CODE No CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS	Virginia CODE No CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey	Virginia 51
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey Date of SURVEY: 1933, 1937 EX Federal	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS. ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1933, 1937 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey Date of SURVEY: 1933, 1937 EX Federal	Virginia CODE No. 151
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS. ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1933, 1937 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS. ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1933, 1937 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Library of Congress STREET AND NUMBER:	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE
OWNER'S NAME: Commonwealth of Virginia STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Richmond 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS. ETC: Albemarle County Courthouse STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Charlottesville 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: Historic American Buildings Survey DATE OF SURVEY: 1933, 1937 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:	Virginia STATE Virginia STATE Virginia STATE CODE D CODE

		,	
	•	_	
	,	7	
	ı	1	
	ſ	Ţ	
	-	-	
	2	2	
	L	•	١
	_	-	ı
			•
	-	0	e
•	_	٠	,
	_	-	,
•	-		•
	_	_	
- (7	Ì
٠		4	l
•	-	-	
()	
•	2	_	
-		_	
ı	,	2	
•	•	•	

				(Check One)		
CONDITION	Exceilent	2000	∠ fair		∷ Ruins	Unexpased
	•	'Check On				ck One)
1 2010 T = 1	Alterea		Unaiterea		Moved	🔀 Original Site

LUCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL IS ABOVED PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The local point for the Jeffersonian core of the University of Virginia is the wounda, a domed, two-story circular structure modeled after the Pantheon. Le only original portion (the building is the brick walls; all other portions were either rebuilt or added by Stanford White after the fire of 1095. White elaborated on Jefferson's design by adding the north portico, the north esplanades, and the colonnades connecting the north and south esplanades.

To the south of the Rotunda is a series of grassy terraces known as the Lawn. The Lawn is now planted with trees, but it is believed that Jefferson maver intended them, for they obscure the architecture. On each side of the Lawn is a series of five, two-story pavilions, each varying in form, and each displaying a different Roman order. The pavilions are linked by one-story Tuscan colonnades, which front the individual student rooms. All of the pavilions have been added to or modified in some degree, but their essential character has been maintained. Closing the south end of the Lawn is Stanford White's Cabell Hall, a broad two-story building with one-story wings. The central portion of Cabell Hall features a finely executed Greek lonic portico with a sculptured pediment. Skillfully concealed behind Cabell Hall is a five-story U-shaped classroom building of undistinguished design completed in 1952. Flanking Cabell Hall and facing one another are two other Stanford White buildings, Cocke and Rouss Halls. The design of the two buildings is similar to, but less elaborate than that of Cabell Hall.

Parallel to the Lawn buildings are additional rows of Jeffersonian buildings known as East and West Ranges. Each section of the range buildings is fronted by a brick arcade. Both ranges have enlarged sections at each end and in the middle known as "hotels", which served as the original dining halls. Like the pavilions, all the hotels have either been added to or modified. Between the Lawn and the ranges are the professors' gardens, each enclosed by serpentine walls. None of Jefferson's original serpentine walls remain; the existing walls were built between 1948 and 1965 and do not conform to Jefferson's specifications.

At the south end of West Range, overlooking McIntire Amphitheater is Stanford White's Garrett Hall, a two-story brick building fronted by a pedimented Doric portico. Overlooking the west side of the amphitheater is Minor Hall, a hipped roofed rectangular block with a recessed two-story Ionic colonnade, and one-story flanking wings. On the east side of the amphitheater is the rear of Cocke Hall. Beyond the north end of West Range is the University Chapel, a picturesque stone Gothic style building with a steep gable roof and bell tower. At the north end of East Range is Brooks Museum, a tall rectangular two-story brick structure with ornamented stone trim. An interesting feature of Brooks Museum is its series of keystones, each carved as a lifesize head of a wild animal.

This central core of the University is separated from the rest of the inscitution by roads on all four sides. It elevated situation has been obscured by the construction of new buildings on the east, west, and south sides.

- 1 7 5/3/3E			
PERIOD (Check One or More is			
∂re-Casumaian	Toth Century	7 12th Century	K, 20th Century
3 15th Century	77 to Century	II 19th Century	
PECIFIC DATES: (If Applica	ale and known.		The state of the s
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (C)	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Aboriginal	🗓 Zoucation	Political	Urban Planning
Prehistorie	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Cher (Specity)
: Historic	Industry	osophy	
Agriculture	invention	Science	
🚅 Architecture	Lanascape	Sculpture	
☐ Act	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
Conservation	:Ausic	Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Throughout Thomas Jefferson's public life it was his ambition to found a great university - one which could secure the democratic foundations of the young nation by producing educated leaders, and one which, as Jefferson said, would serve as "the future bulwark of the human mind in this country". It was, however, not until Jefferson was over seventy, after his retirement from his long life of public service, that he found the necessary time to devote to achieving his dream. As a skilled architect, Jefferson was aware that an institution such as he contemplated must be provided with suitably dignified architectural embellishment. Long before actual construction began, he conceived the idea of an "academical village" - a community of scholars living and studying in an architecturally unified complex of buildings. With ideas and suggestions from Benjamin Latrobe and Dr. William Thornton, Jefferson undertook the planning of this unique community - selecting the site, and making the necessary drawings for every building. Each functional aspect of the school received architectural expression: the classrooms and professors' quarters were housed in ten, two-story pavilions aligned on either side of an elongated terraced court called the Lawn. Each pavilion had its order taken from a different example of Roman architecture, so that the students could be exposed to the best models of Classical taste. Connecting the pavilions were low colonnades that fronted the students' cells. Outside this central core Jefferson provided additional students' rooms, in arcaded "ranges". each range were three "hotels" where meals were served to small groups of students by the hotel keepers. As a focal point for this complex, Jefferson followed Latrobe's suggestion and placed a domed building - a scaled down version of the Pantheon - at the head of the Lawn. This building, known as the Rotunda, provided spaces for a library, extra classrooms, meeting halls, exhibit room, chapel, and gymnasium.

Construction of the new university began following the laying of the cornerstone in 1817, the General Assembly officially chartered the school as the University of Virginia in 1819. The final construction of the original scheme was achieved with the completion of the Rotunda, shortly after Jefferson's death in 1827. Few schools owe more to their founder than the University does to Jefferson. Not only did he conceive the idea of the institution, he designed all the original buildings and supervised their construction, selected the first faculty, drew up the curriculum, and served as the first rector of the Board of Visitors. While the University represents a major achievement in the educational history of the country, its architectural concept and design was revolutionary.

Form 18-810a Wuly 1909)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR PARK SERVICE

SUDDING TOTAL AUTOMOUN LANGITAN

(Continuation Sheet)

MANA HOLL AND AND AND FORM

STATE		•
Virginia		
COUNTY		
Charlottesville	(in	cit.)
FOR NPS USE O	NLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	1 -	OATE

(Number all entries)

6. Professor William B. O'Neal apply stated that Jefferson's Scheme has been "universally admired as one of the few undoubted architectural masterpieces in this country".

The University did not change significantly in physical appearance until the end of the nineteenth century when the Rotunda was destroyed by fire. Following its burning in 1895, the able and fashionable New York architect, Stanford White was commissioned not only to rebuild the Rotunda, but to provide additional classroom space and an auditorium. The decision was made to locate these facilities in three new buildings to be located at the south end of the Lawn. The decision to enclose the space was contrary to Jefferson's intention of leaving the end of the lawn open to a beautiful view of the surrounding mountains and countryside. White's three new buildings - Cocke, Rouss and Cabell Halls were skillfully handled, however, and stand today as dignified examples of the Neo Classic Revival, fully worthy of their famous neighbors. White also designed for the University a dining hall or "Commons" located at the south end of West Range. Completed on 1907, the Commons (now called Garrett Hall) presently serves as the office of the University Registrar, and is noted for its magnificent plasterwork ceiling.

In addition to the Jefferson and White structures, several other buildings of architectural merit are located in the central core of the University. Chief among these are the Brooks Museum and the University Chapel. Completed in 1876, as a natural history museum, the Brooks Museum was designed by J. R. Thomas of Rochester, New York, and was built largely with funds donated to the University in 1875 by Lewis Brooks, also of Rochester. A superior example of late-nineteenth-century architecture, the building combines features of several historic styles into an original composition.

The University Chapel was completed in 1889 with funds from many private sources. The design of this picturesque building was inspired by the Gothic parish churches of England. The architect of the chapel has not been determined.

The McIntire Amphitheater, the gift of Paul G. McInitre, was completed in 1921. Its design is based on the ancient Greek theaters. Minor Hall, a dignified Neo Classicstructure on the west side of the amphitheater was completed in 1911 for the Law School, which occupied it until 1932.

Acknowledged as one of the most beautiful collegiate complexes in the world, this assemblage of nineteenth and early-twentieth-century structures comprises one of America's great architectural treasures.

S

		PHICAL		

Truce, Philip Alexander, A <u>Mistory of the University of Virginia 1819-1919</u>, 5 volumes, 1920-22.
3 Neal, William B., <u>Pictorial Mistory of the University of Virginia</u>, 1968.

1 11200 12110 N 271			7 17.				
SEOGRAPHICAL DATA		<u> </u>				GITUDE COORDIN	ATES
LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATE		اه ۱۸	OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES				
CORNER LATITUDE LONGITUE	DE		i i	_ATITUDE		LONGITU	JDE
Degrees Minutes Seconds Degrees Minutes	Seconds	Γ	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees Minute	s Seconds
w 38° 02° 14° 78° 30°	23"	!	0	•	•	•	, н
38° 02' 14" 78° 30'	01"	į				1	
55 * 78 * 30 * 30 * 55 * 78 * 30 * 30 * 55 * 78 * 30 * 30 * 55 * 78 * 30 * 30 * 30 * 30 * 30 * 30 * 30 * 3	01"	•				1	13
<u> </u>	28- 1	1					
APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPE	RTY: 35		res				
ST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ESOVER			ATE OR C	OUNTY BO	DUNDARIES	1 0005
STATE:	CODE	C	YTNUC		•		CODE
	.,	1					
STATE:	CODE	- C	YTMUC:				CODE
STATE:	CODE	. c:	SUNTY:				CODE
·	<u>i</u>	<u>:</u>					
STATE:	CODE	آ م	DUNTY:				CODE
· ·							
FORM PREPARED BY					,	<u> </u>	
INAME AND TITLE:							
Staff, Virginia Historic Landmar	ks Com	mis	sion,	James	W. Moc	ody, Jr., Di	rector
IORGANIZATION						DATE	
Virginia Historic Landmarks Comm	ission					August 21	, 1970
STREET AND NUMBER:							
Room 1116, Ninth Street Office B	uildin	g					
SITY OR TOWN:		\$ T	ATE				CODE
Richmond		1	/irgin	ia			51_
12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION		1	N	ATIONAL	REGIST	ER VERIFICATI	ON
i de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell		!!					
As the designated State Liaison Officer for th		i.	I hereby	certify t	hat this p	roperty is include	ed in the
tional Historic Preservation Act of 1960 (Publ		ij.	Nationa	I Registe	г.		
89-665), I hereby nominate this property for in				J			
in the National Register and certify that it has							
evaluated according to the criteria and proced							 .
forth by the National Park Service. The recon	nmended		Chief, C	Office of .	Archeolog	y and Historic Pi	reservation
level of significance of this nomination is:	_						
National 🛣 State 🗀 Local							
		1	Dat e			* * *	
	Jane 44	il il		-			
All the state of t	منسر ن		ATTEST	r:			
Dr. Edward P.Alexander, Chair	rman					·	
Trie Virginia Historic Landmarks		!! S:S i	.on				
TRie.							
34		-		Keepe	r of The l	Vational Register	•
		11	F: - 4 c				
Date		11	Date				



